CABRIOLET VEHICLE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

This application is a US National Phase of International Application No. PCT/DE 2005/000053, filed January 15th, 2005, which claims priority to German 10 2004 003 020.0, filed January 20th, 2004. The entire contents of the above identified applications are incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

<u>[0001]</u> The invention relates to a cabriolet vehicle with a roof, which at least in some areas has a flexible cover, according to the preamble of Claim 1.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is known that the front roof area in a cabriolet vehicle of the mentioned type, when the roof is opened, lies with its rigid roof top over other areas of the roof in the fashion of a cover and remains openly visible from the top. The roof then lies in an auto body recess made in the outside surface of the auto body. It encloses the recess at least on the sides and rear. In the front it is indirectly or often directly connected to a passenger compartment.

In this case, on the one hand the rear limitation of the recess, which represents a front edge of the body outside surface connected farther to the rear is designed in a curved shape, which runs forward to the vehicle sides, for a harmonic transition of the edges bordering the recess. Functionally this is also desirable for the largest possible access opening beneath a trunk lid adjacent to the rear, which is supposed to lie with its front limitation edge (in the direction of travel) parallel to the front edge that borders the recess.

[0004] On the other hand, a roof of the mentioned type, when opened, is supposed to fold in behind the rigidly held from below front roof area so that the folding edge there, if possible, runs at least almost linearly in a 90° angle relative to the direction of travel over the roof width in

a top view in order to ensure a clean cover trend when the roof is closed without additional areas of loose fabric or folds.

least in the side corner areas between the linear rear edge of the front roof part which then lies on the top, and the limitation edge of the recess which points forward on the transverse sides. If the corners of the front roof part during roof movement are supposed to be passed by the edge without collision, a significant spacing between the parts is therefore essential. Consequently, an elongated gap between the edge of the recess and the folding edge of the front roof part positioned to the rear remains at least in the area of the vertical vehicle longitudinal center plane in the vehicle longitudinal direction. Such gaps, however, are optically aesthetically undesirable and without additional measures also make possible unauthorized access into the trunk situated beneath it.

[0006] An attempt to mitigate this conflict consists of providing for the rear end area of the recess a narrow moving hinged cover almost crescent-shaped in top view whose rear edge lies essentially across the vehicle and whose front edge lies in the desired curvature with the forward facing areas. This moving cover, however, requires additional drive and control expense and with its additional side joints interferes with the appearance of the outer surface of the auto body.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The underlying problem solved by the invention is to optimize storage of a roof with the front roof part lying in the same orientation in the stored position as in the closed position.

[0008] The invention solves this problem by a cabriolet vehicle with the features of Claim 1 and by a cabriolet vehicle with the features of Claim 3, which can be implemented individually or advantageously in combination with each other. With respect to additional advantageous embodiments of the invention, Claims 2 and 4 to 8 are referred to.

[0009] According to the invention, in the design according to Claim 1 the gap is reduced by the support step that is covered by a flexible lining. Moving cover parts of any type are

therefore unnecessary. An improvement is therefore achieved both optically and as security against break-in.

[0010] The production and part expense is therefore particularly low if the support step is designed as a one-piece molded part.

[0011] The design according to Claim 3, according to which the lining is formed as a textile curtain, which is secured over a large part of the width of the recess and on the rear end of the moving roof, ensures reliable and flexibly movable gap reduction. In particular, a combination of Claims 1 and 3 can be advantageous, according to which the curtain overlaps the support step when the roof is open so that its tension can be ensured at any time.

[0012] The part expense is further reduced when the molded part also includes a fastening device for the lining behind the support step so that no separate parts are required for this either, but, for example, pulling of a piping into the fastening device can very simply effect the fastening of the lining.

[0013] The lining can advantageously cover visually from above almost completely the gap between the edge and the opened roof.

[0014] Additional advantages and features of the invention are apparent from a practical example of the object of the invention schematically shown in the drawing and described below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0015] In the drawings:

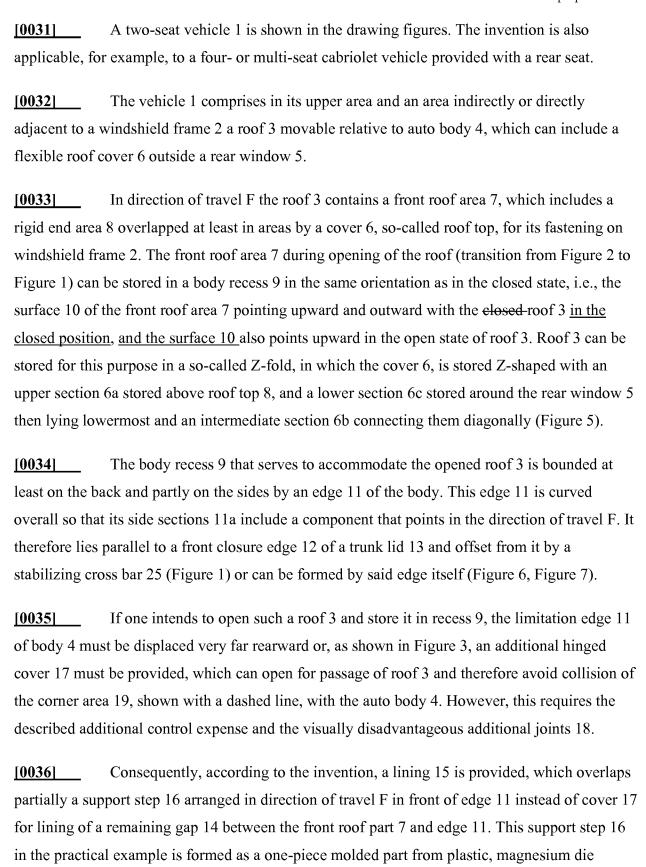
[0016] Figure 1 shows a vehicle according to the invention in a schematic view truncated on the vertical longitudinal center plane from the top with the roof opened,

[0017] Figure 2 shows a view similar to that of Figure 1 but with the roof closed,

[0018] Figure 3 shows a vehicle according to the prior art in a view similar to that of Figure 1,

[0019]	Figure 4	shows a schematized side view truncated in the lower portion in
the area of the vertical longitudinal center plane of the vehicle according to the invention with		
the roof closed and locked,		
[0020]	Figure 5	shows a view similar to that of Figure 4 with a fully opened roof,
[0021] according to F	Figure 6	shows a detail section of the rear roof connection in the position
according to 1	15410 1,	
[0022]	Figure 7	shows a view similar to that of Figure 6 with the opened roof
according to Figure 5,		
[0023]	Figure 8	shows a schematized side view truncated in the lower area in the
closed and opened roof position according to Figures 4 and 5,		
[0024]	Figure 9	shows a schematized perspective view of the rear window and its
connection in the closed and opened roof,		
[0025]	Figure 10	shows a view similar to that of Figure 9, but with a front roof area
additionally shown in the open roof position,		
[0026]	Figure 11	shows a schematized perspective view of the opened roof oblique
from the top,		
[0027]	Figure 12	shows a view similar to that of Figure 11, but with the rear roof
area lying below it additionally shown,		
[0028]	Figure 13	shows a top view of the opened roof,
[0029]	Figure 14	shows a perspective detail view of the support step,
[0030] the vehicle.	Figure 15	shows the part according to Figure 14 in the position mounted on

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS



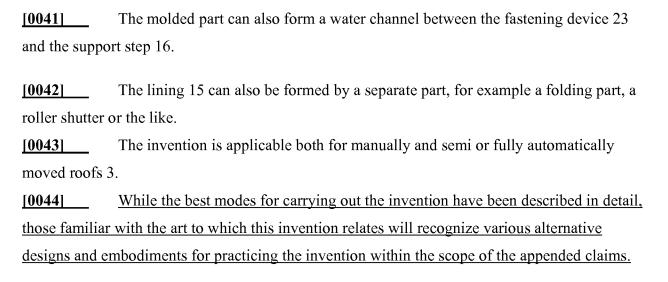
casting or light metal foam. The design, however, can also be in many different forms. The support step 16 can also be formed from the flexible, rubber-elastic material in order to also permit pressure contact of the front roof area 7 with its rear edge 20 and pressing of lining 15 connected with it. In addition, the support step 16 can also be displaceable in order to permit a larger passage opening for roof 3 in the rearward displaced position and to largely span gap 14 in the forward displaced position.

<u>[0037]</u> In the practical example the support step 16 runs parallel to edge 11 and is therefore also curved to the vehicle transverse sides in the travel direction F. It can also lie parallel to the rear edge 20 of the front roof area 7 and then be essentially linear.

In each case, the lining 15 supported by step 16 covers in its essential parts the gap 14 between the rear edge 20 of the stored front roof area 7, and the edge 11 of the body 4 that bounds the recess on the back. The lining 15 is formed here as a textile curtain and by an area of the roof cover 6 lying beneath the rear window 5 when the roof is closed (Figure 4, Figure 9). No additional components or assembly steps are therefore required for lining 15 itself.

In textile curtain 15 with the roof opened (Figure 5) lies so that it initially runs upward from its connection 21 beneath edge 11 and forms a horizontal surface 22, before it drops downward to the rear window 5 lying below in the storage position. For this purpose it can extend in particular over the already described support step 16, which then engages the curtain 15 from below, beneath its horizontal surface 22, and supports it. The surface 22 lies at roughly the same height as the outer surface 10 of the front roof part 7 and the additional outer surface 24 of body 4 lying behind edge 11.

In the connection 21 can be integrally formed in particular by a fastening device 23 in the molded part that forms the support step 16, for example, by an engagement channel for a piping. The one-piece molded part can then include both the support step 16 and the fastening device 23 and therefore be particularly suitable for assembly. Since the connection 21 lies under the edge 11, it need not follow its curvature, but can depending on the conditions run almost linearly in cover 6 over the vehicle width.



CLAIMS:

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- 1. Cabriolet vehicle (1) with roof (3) provided which at least in some areas has a flexible cover (6), which includes in its front <u>roof</u> area (7) a rigid area (8), a so-called roof top, overlapped by a cover (6), where the front roof area (7) can be stored in the same orientation as in the closed state in a body recess (9), which is bounded on the rear by an edge (11) serving as front edge of the additional body outer surface (24) extending to the rear, **characterized by the fact** that the edge (11) is preceded at least in parts of its area by a support step (16) for a flexible lining (15) running from edge (11) to an area of the roof (3), where said step is adapted to to-the contour of the edge.
- 2. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to Claim 1, **characterized by the fact** that the support step (16) is designed as a one-piece molded part.
- 3. Cabriolet vehicle (1) with a roof (3) provided which at least in some areas has a flexible cover (6), which includes in its front area (7) a rigid area (8) overlapped by a cover, a so-called roof top, where the front roof area (47) can be stored in the same orientation as in the closed state in a body recess (9), which is bounded rearward by an edge (11) serving as front edge of the additional body outside surface (24) extending to the rear, especially according to one of the Claims 1 or 2, characterized by the fact that the flexible lining is a textile curtain (15) is formed, which is fastened on one end over almost the entire width of recess (9) beneath the rear edge (11) of recess (9) and is held, on the other hand, on an area of the roof (3) where, over at least part of its extent it forms a surface (22) that is essentially horizontal, and is positioned elevated relative to its connection (21) to body (4).
- 4. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to one of the Claims 2 or 3 Claim 2, characterized by the fact that a fastening device (23) for lining (15) is formed by the molded part in an area behind the support step (16).

- 5. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to one of the Claims 1 to 4 Claim 1, characterized by the fact that the lining (15) visually covers the gap (14) on the top between the edge (11) of auto body (4) and the opened roof (3).
- 6. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to one of the Claims 1 to 5 Claim 1, characterized by the fact that the edge (11) of auto body (4) overall has a curved trend, which includes the areas (11a) running forward to the vehicle sides in the direction of travel.
- 7. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to Claim 6, **characterized by the fact** that the edge (11) at least in parts of its area is the front edge of a trunk lid (13).
- 8. Cabriolet vehicle (1) according to one of the Claims 1 to 6 Claim 1, characterized by the fact that the edge (11) at least in parts of its area is the front edge of a cross bar (25) of the body outer surface (24) arranged in front of a trunk lid (13).

CABRIOLET VEHICLE

ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION

A cabriolet vehicle with a roof provided which at least in some areas has a flexible cover, which includes in its front roof area a rigid area, a so-called roof top, overlapped by a cover. The front roof area can be stored in the same orientation as in the closed state in a body recess, and the body recess is bounded on the rear by an edge serving as a front edge of the additional body outer surface extending to the rear. The edge is preceded at least in parts of it area by a support step for a flexible lining running from the edge to an area of the roof. The step is adapted to the contour of the edge.